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SSF Flaship
Workshop
4 Oct 2016

Arctic autonomous drifting buoys

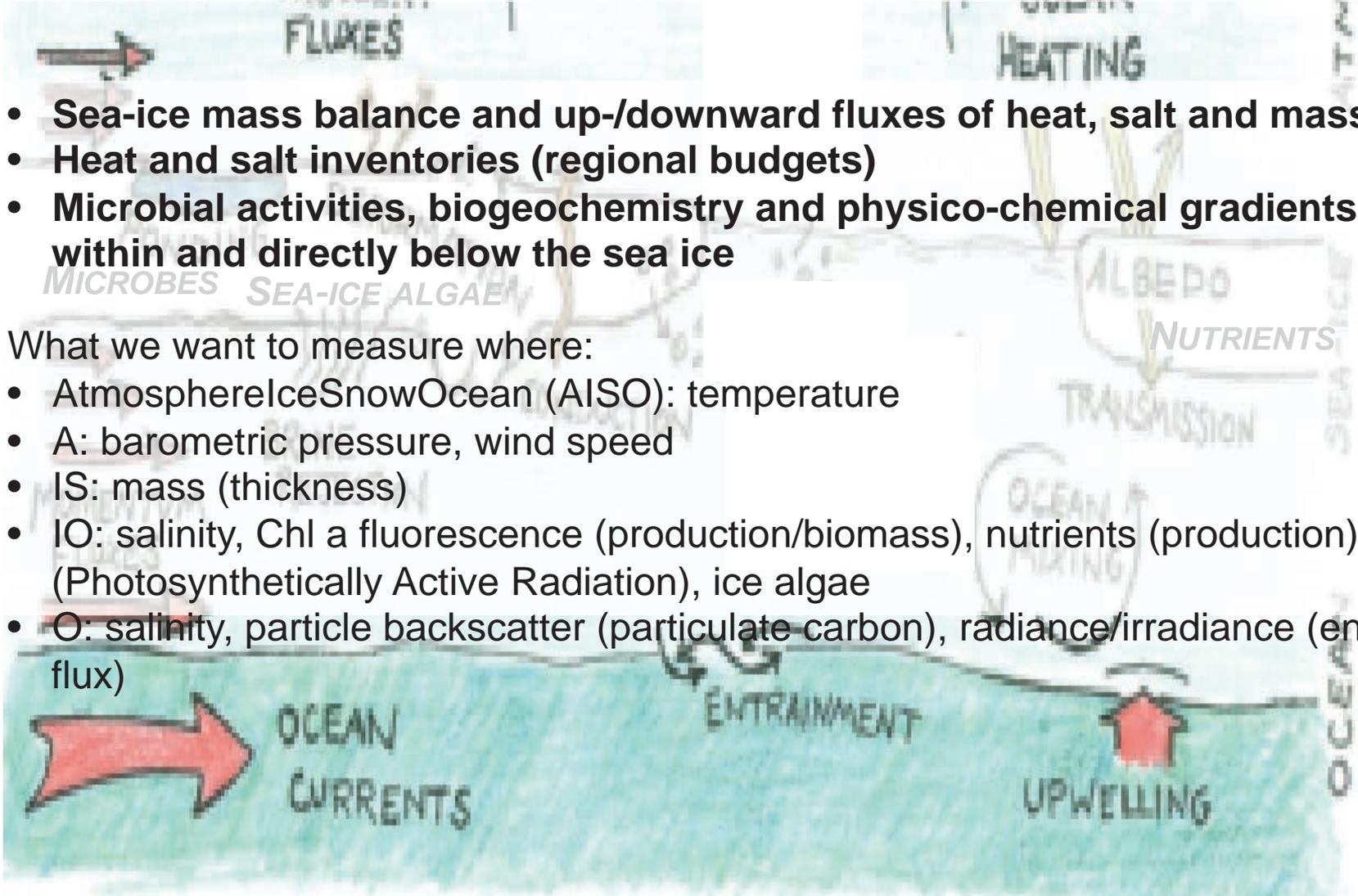
Efforts from AWI / Germany

Atmosphere-snow-ice-ocean interface: processes and parameters

- Sea-ice mass balance and up-/downward fluxes of heat, salt and mass
- Heat and salt inventories (regional budgets)
- Microbial activities, biogeochemistry and physico-chemical gradients within and directly below the sea ice

What we want to measure where:

- Atmosphere|Ice|Snow|Ocean (AISO): temperature
- A: barometric pressure, wind speed
- IS: mass (thickness)
- IO: salinity, Chl a fluorescence (production/biomass), nutrients (production), light (Photosynthetically Active Radiation), ice algae
- O: salinity, particle backscatter (particulate carbon), radiance/irradiance (energy flux)



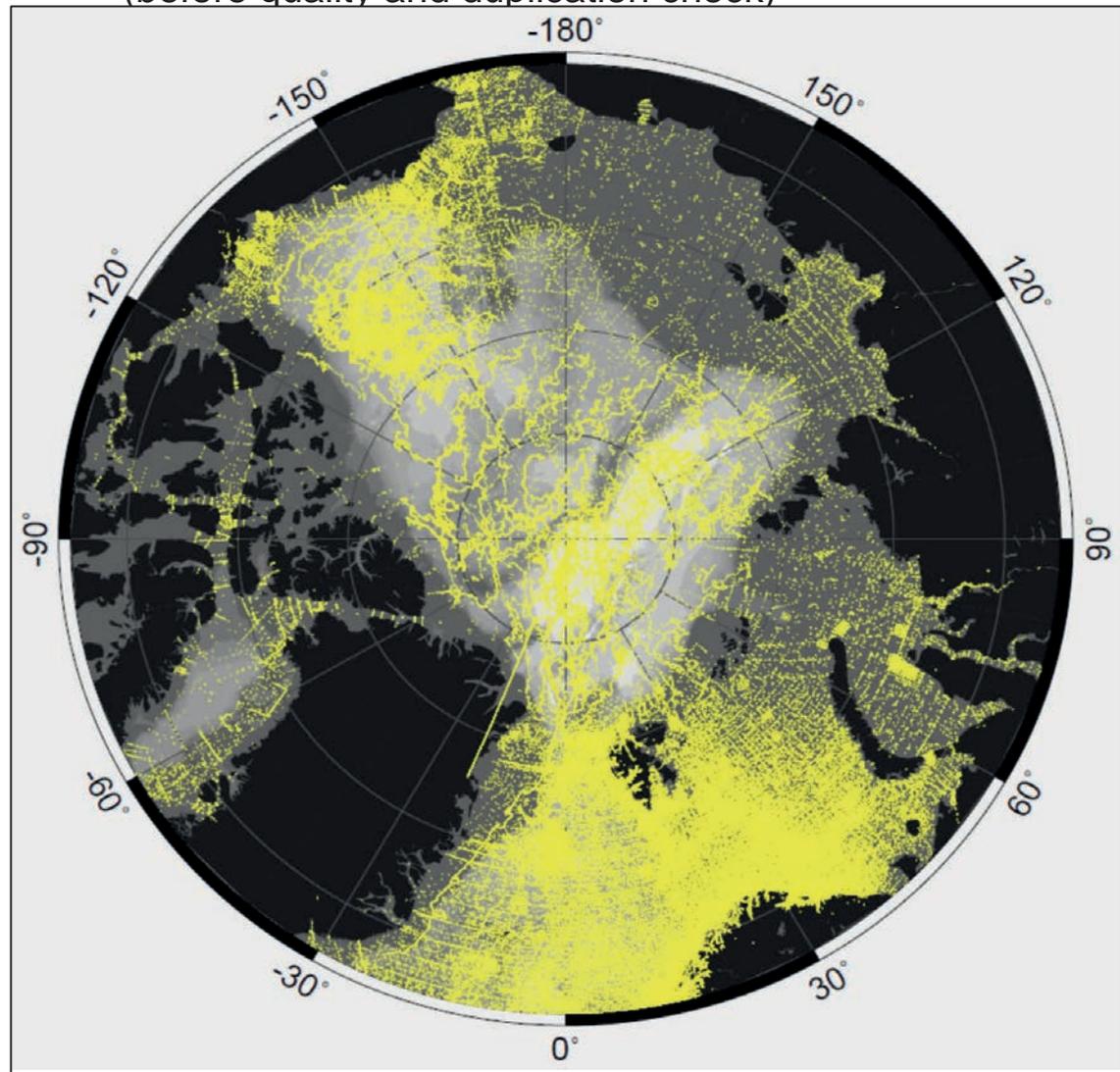
Schematic modified from M. Shupe

Distribution of Oceanographic Profiles 1980 – 2015

(before quality and duplication check)

Before QC:
~**500.000** T/S profiles

After QC:
~**300.000** T/S profiles
(estimated)



Goals & Plans

Position

Longitude

Step 1

Step 2

collecting data

Cruise 4105 (1 bad stations)



Quality Check

Duplications removed

Other e

and corrected if necessary

Interpolation
Objective mapping of adjusted data to create a gridded product

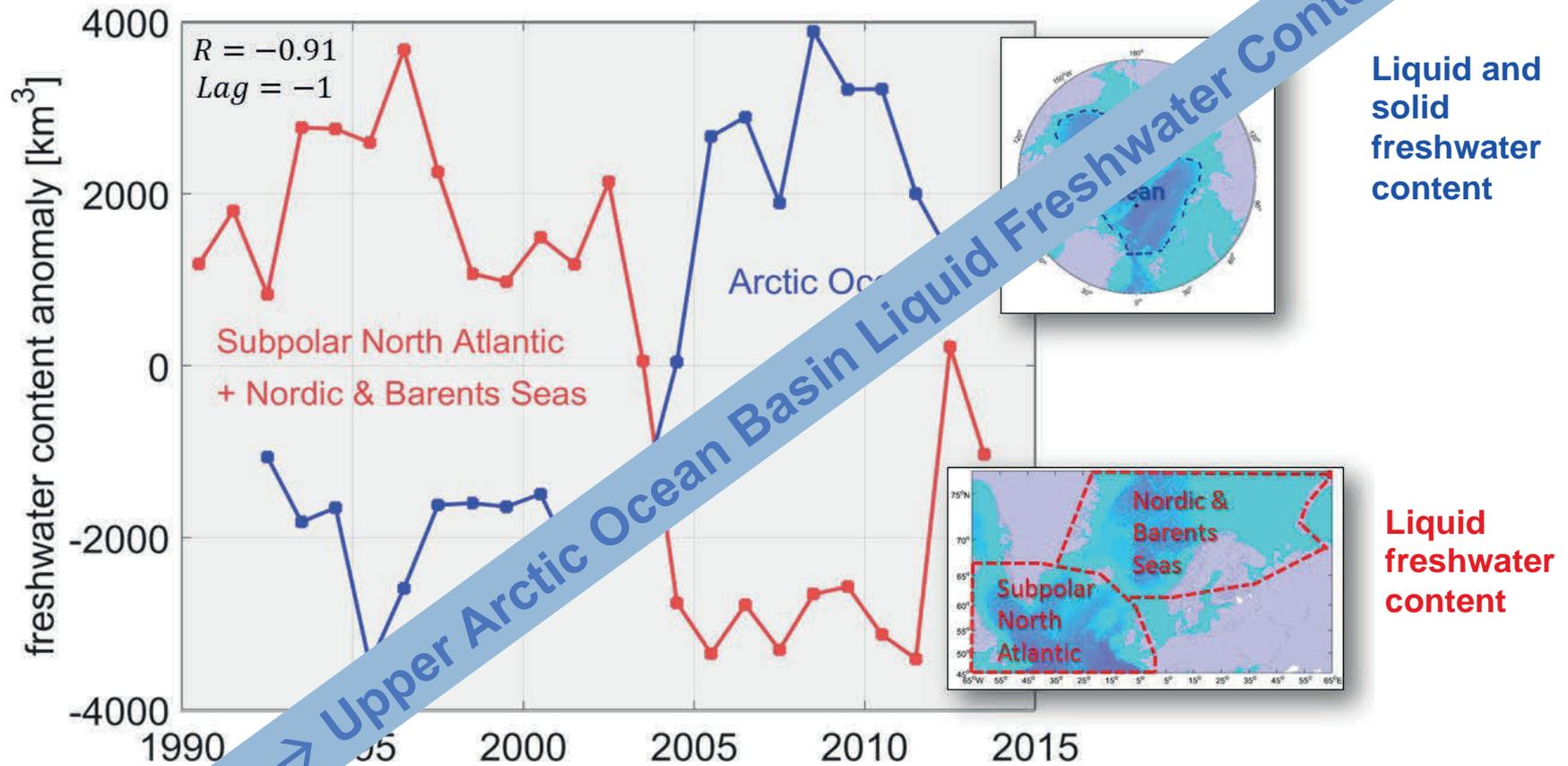
Product 2 (adjusted data)

Product 3 (Arctic Ocean Atlas)

→ We rely on these datasets for QC of our buoy data stream!
→ We will need similar QC on historical data of other parameters! (e.g. Chl a, nitrate...)

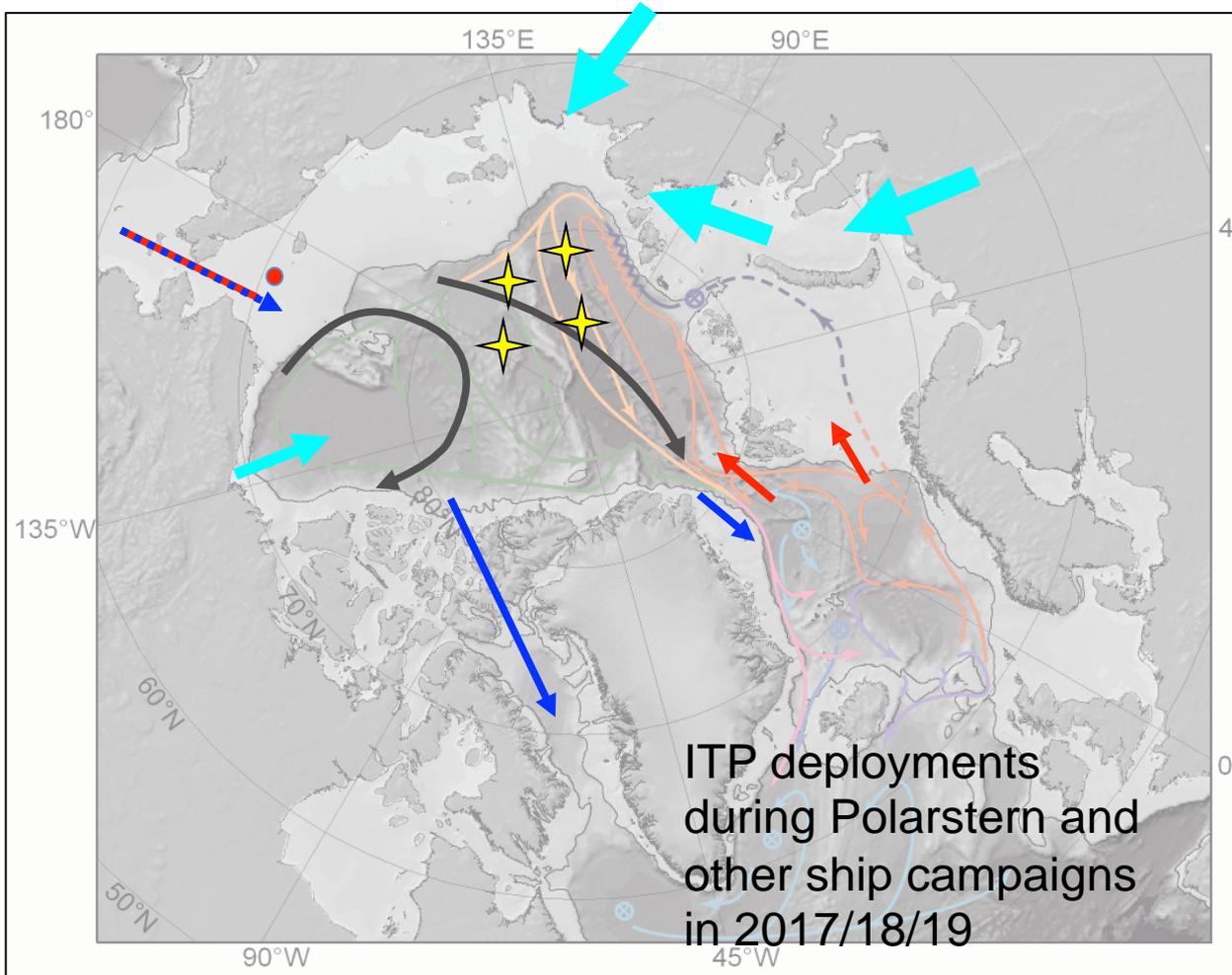
per planned by Axel Behrendt this year in *Earth System Science Data*

Freshwater variability



- The freshwater content timeseries are **significantly anti-correlated**.
- Corresponding anomalies are of the **same size**.
- Freshwater anomalies suggest an **oscillation**.

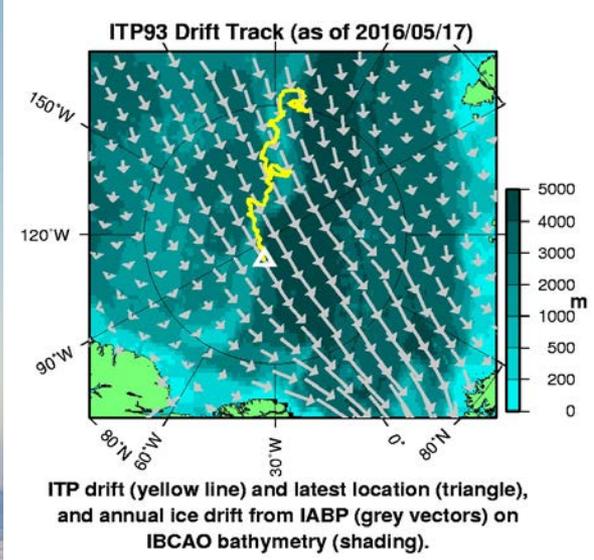
FRAM WP 3.1 2014-2021: autonomous ice-tethered platforms



Map modified from Rudels (2005)

- Min. 4 Ice-tethered CTD profilers / year in the central Arctic / Transpolar Drift (international cooperation!)
- Within a network of buoys for ice-ocean-atmosphere observations.
- Multi-disciplinary observations (physics, biochemistry, biology), including multi-buoy arrays on single ice floes.

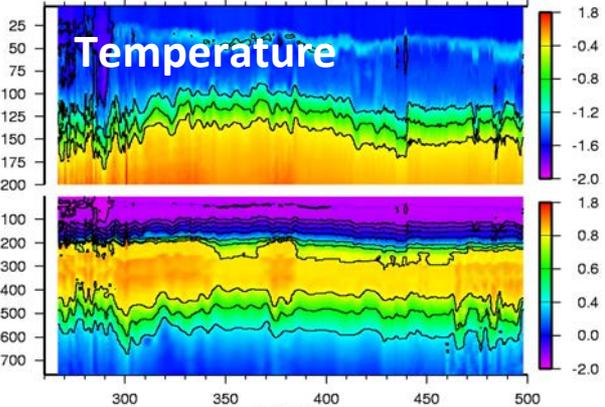
Success story: ITP93 with bio-suite



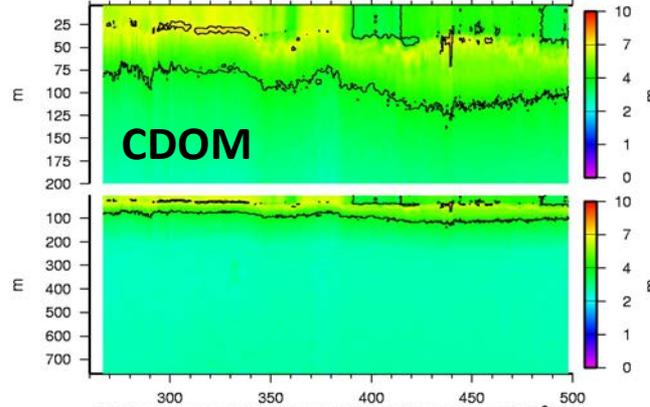
ITP93 data



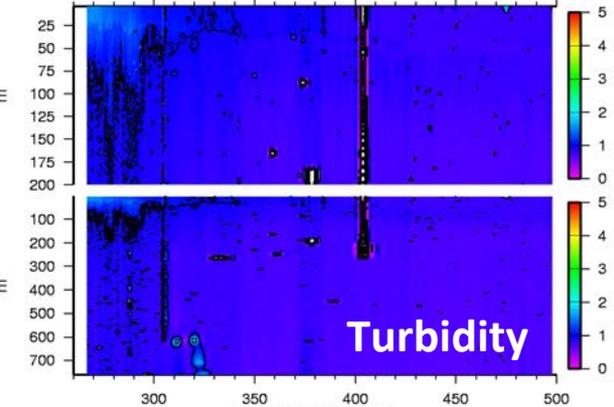
ITP93 Up Profile Contours (to profile 600)
temperature



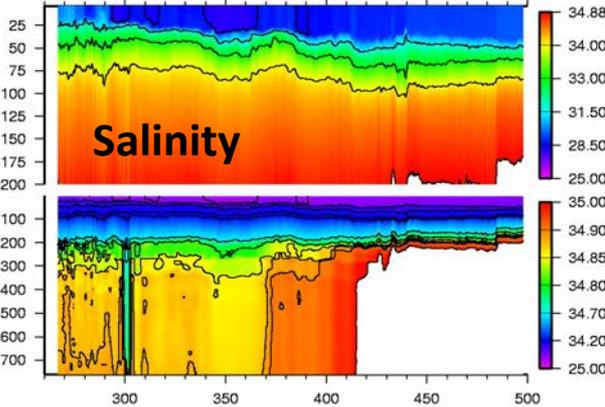
ITP93 Up Profile Contours (to profile 600)
colored dissolved organic matter (ppb)



ITP93 Up Profile Contours (to profile 600)
turbidity ($m^{-1}sr^{-1} \times 10^{-4}$)



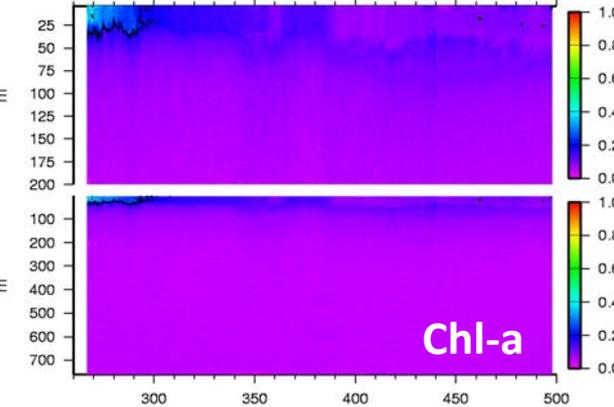
salinity



photosynthetically active radiation ($\mu mol \text{ photon}/m^2/s$)

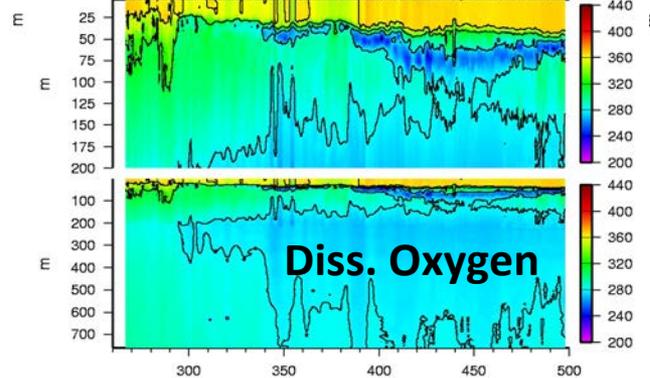


chlorophyll a ($\mu g/l$)



day 2015

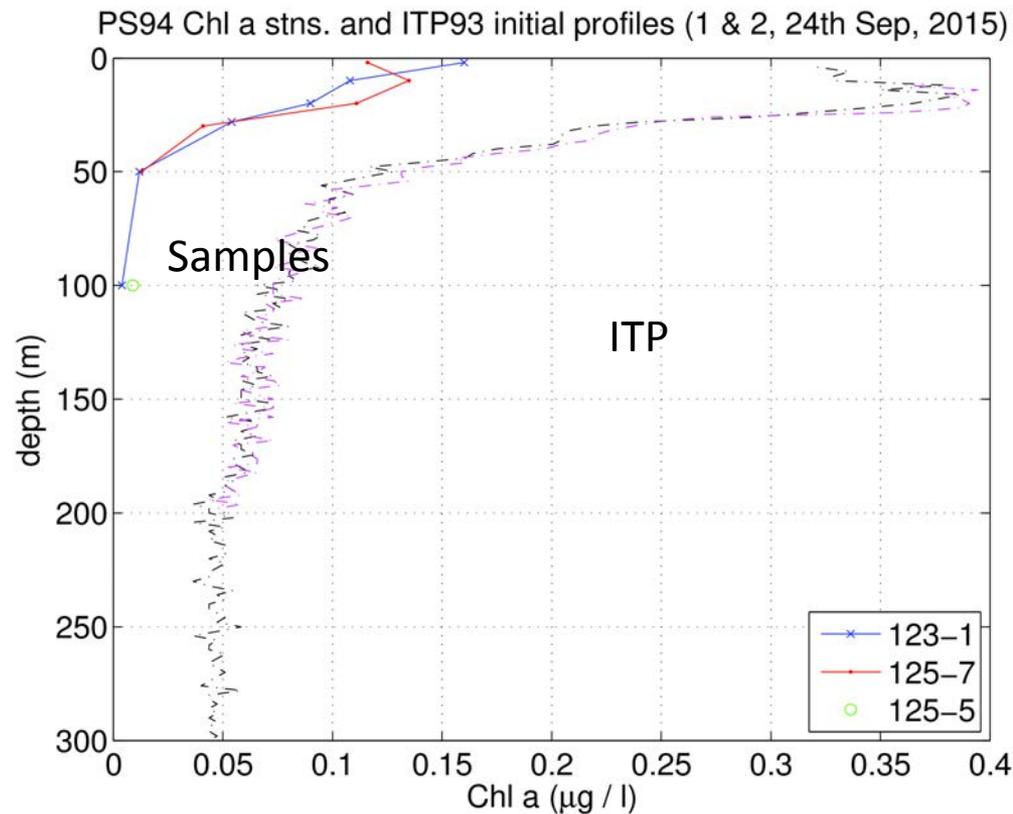
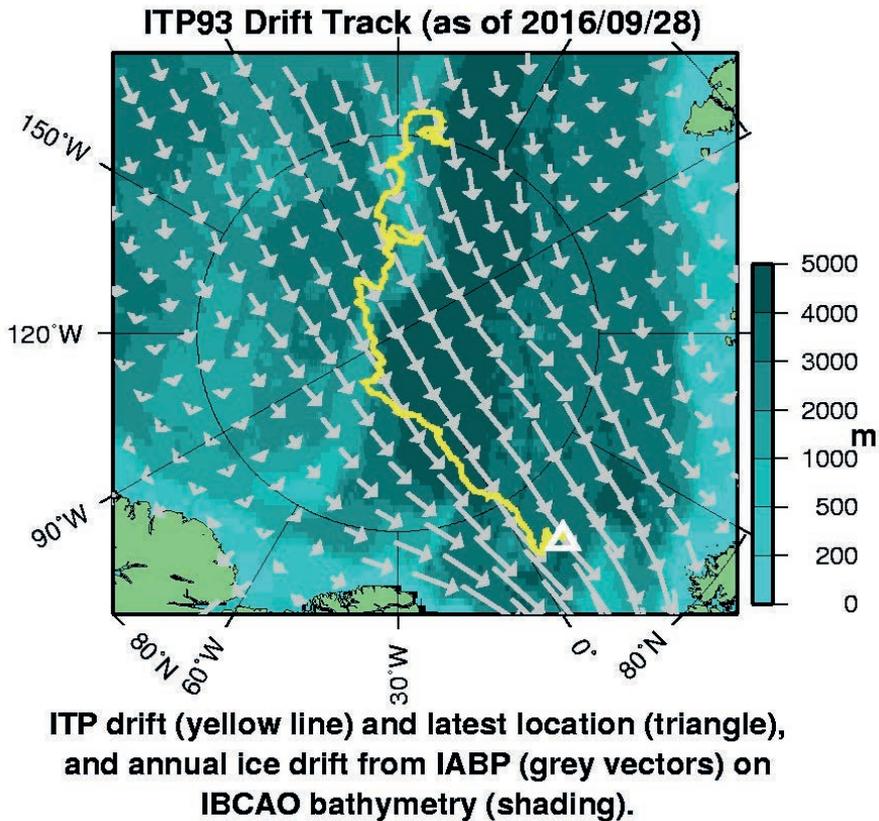
ITP93 Up Profile Contours (to profile 600)
dissolved oxygen ($\mu mol/kg$)



day 2015

R. Krishfield, WHOI

- Sensor challenges: calibration of bio-optical and chemical sensors
- Little historical data / small-scale decorrelation near surface
 - Use ship sample data near deployment and at selected times / locations during operation to correct sensor output



Source: <http://www.whoi.edu/itp>

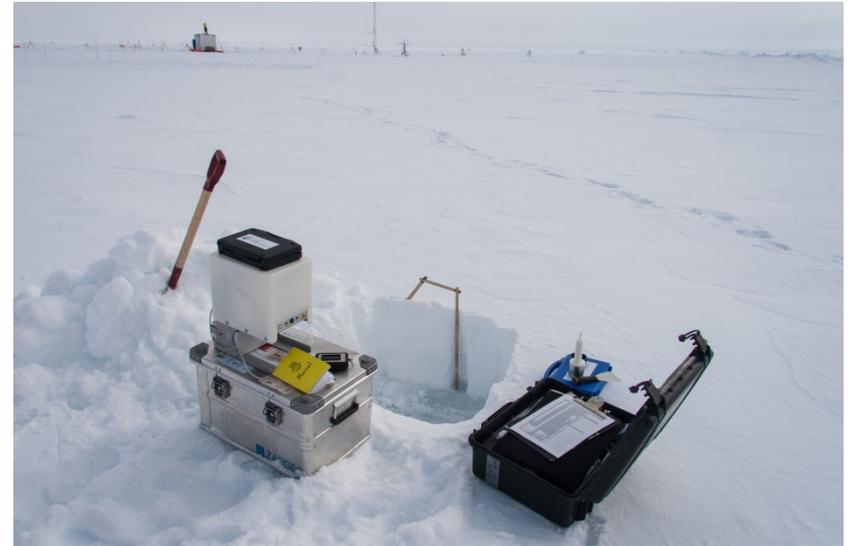
Snow Rules !

Direct impacts

- Thermodynamics & reflection of solar irradiance
- Sea-ice mass balance
- Remote sensing signatures
- Fresh water budgets ...

Indirect effects

- Complicates sea ice thickness retrieval from remote sensing (satellite & EM)
- Dominates surface conditions
- Influences biological processes
- Model and remote sensing validation and development

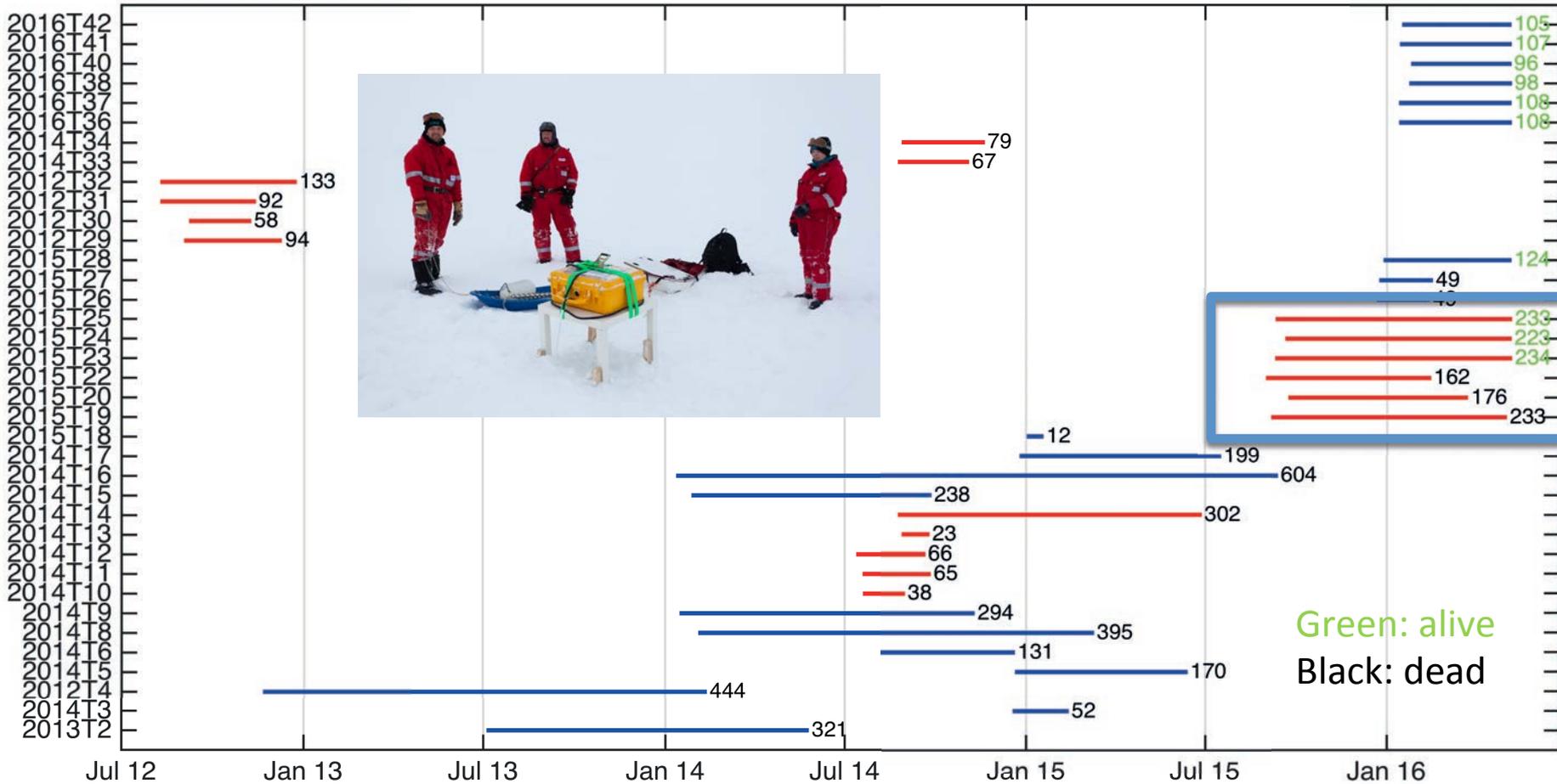


=> Need for better snow depth and properties data

SAMS IMB lifetimes



37 deployments, 10 (4) still active



Arctic



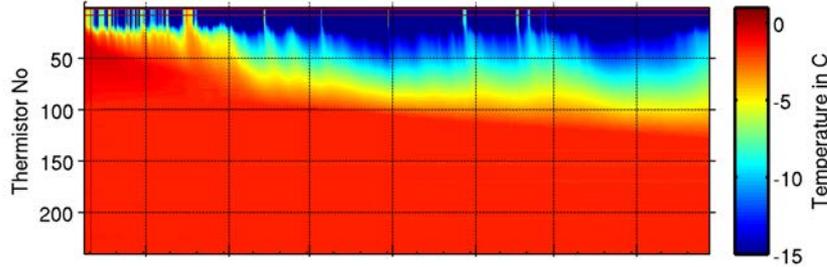
Antarctic

IMBs: selected success stories

meereisportal.de

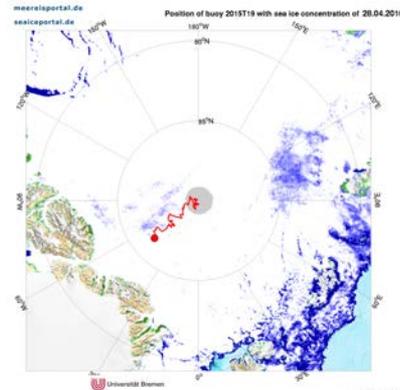
seaceportal.de

2015T19: Temperature (daily)



Sep 2015

Apr 2016

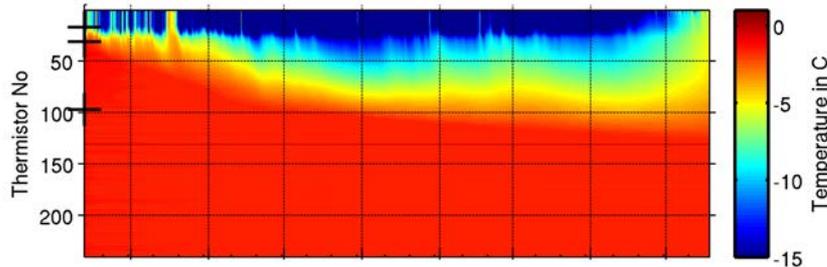


IMB 2015T19
233 days

meereisportal.de

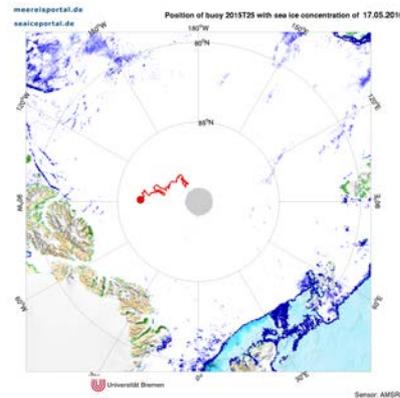
seaceportal.de

2015T25: Temperature (daily)



Sep 2015

now

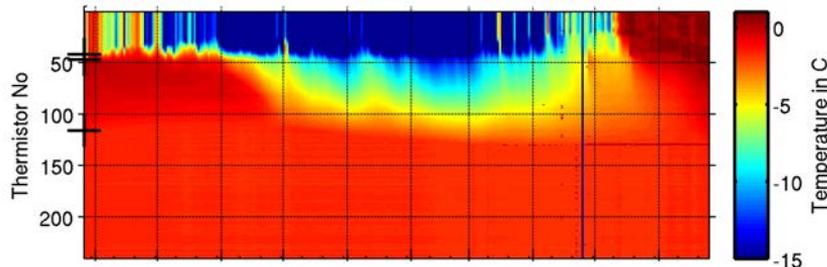


IMB 2015T25
249 days
still active

meereisportal.de

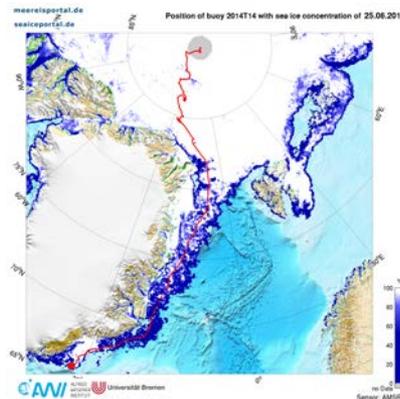
seaceportal.de

2014T14: Temperature (daily)



Aug 2014

Jun 2015



IMB 2014T14
303 days

The future: „advanced IMBs“



- **Change company/partner: from SRSL to** **uncin**
- Prototypes developed/deployed with **EU project**
- Very flexible platform (Fox, Linux)
- Short product cycles
- Close collaboration, feedback
- Better chain, camera, other **loads possible**
- Radiation package (in **with NPI**)
- Bio-optics for PS¹
- **All existing knowledge & future**
development to be freely available

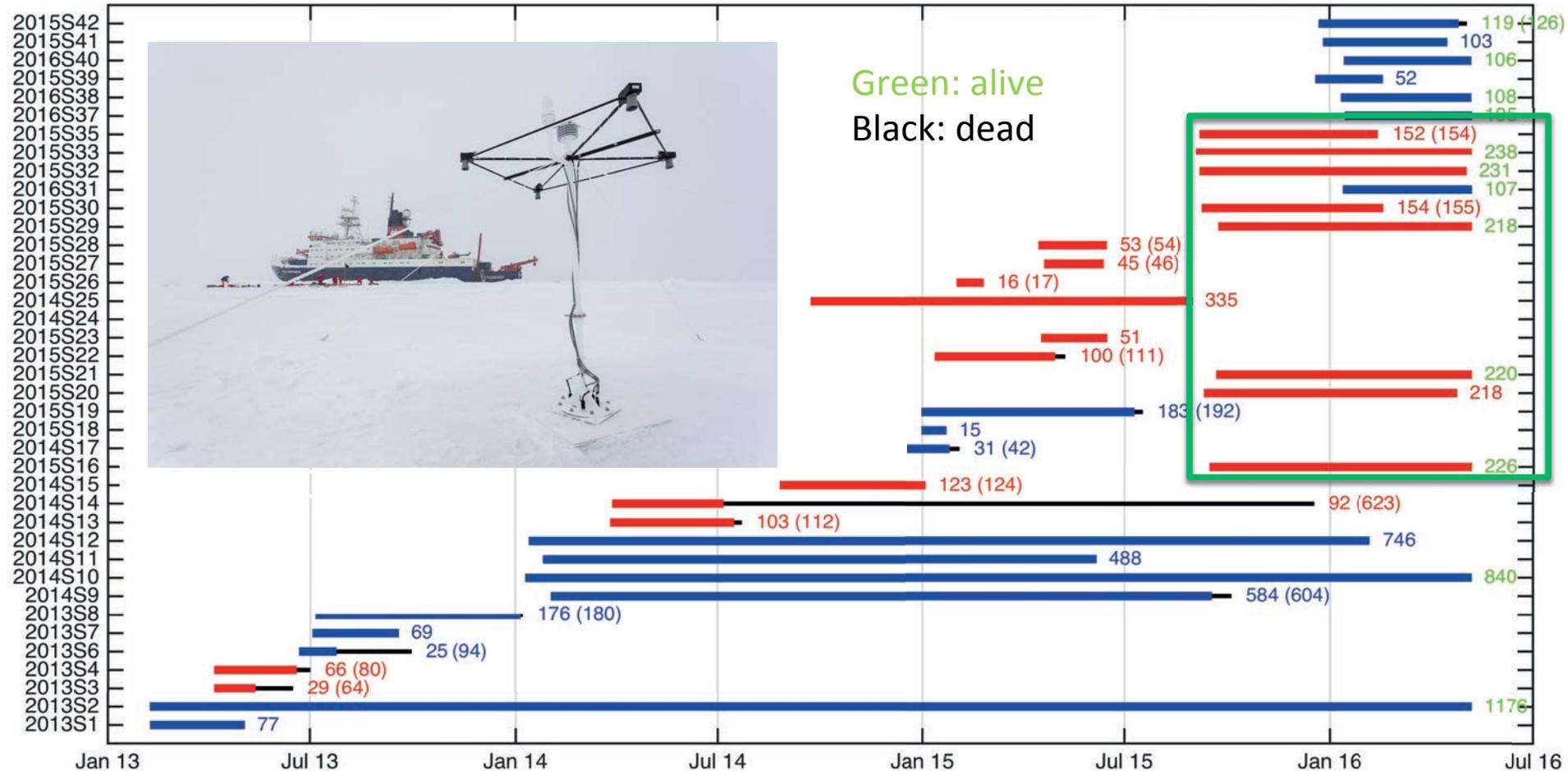
Long-term community driven,
entirely open source platform

**Improved communication within the community:
IMB workshop @AWI: 14-15 June 2016**



Snow Buoy lifetimes

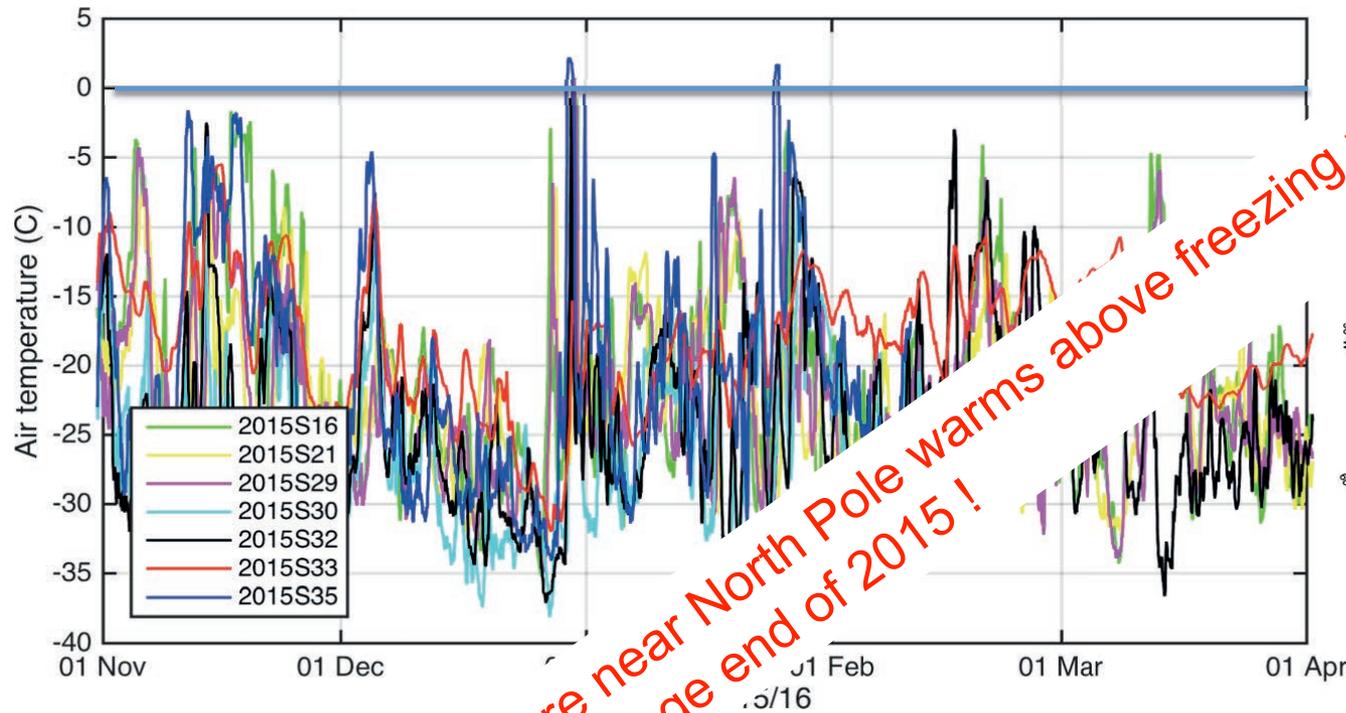
39 deployments, 13 still active, longest record ~ 1177 days, 6 ordered for 2016



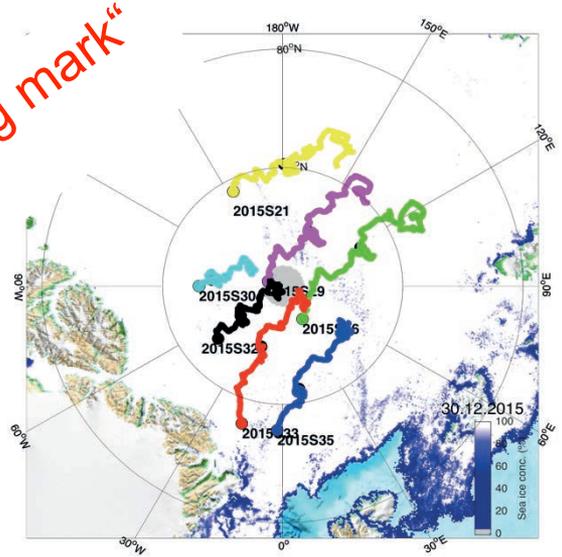
 **Arctic**

 **Antarctic**

Warm Winter 2015/16



Temperature near North Pole warms above freezing mark
 → news coverage end of 2015!



Snow Buoy

- Multiple spells during winter all the way to North Pole
- Exceeding 0°C end of Dec 2015

Svalbard Results (AWIPEV-Station): 8°C warmer than long term average (February)



Frosting on some units



Snow depth (sensor 1 2 3 4)

Air pressure
Air / Body
temperature



IBOB (Ice-tethered bio-optical buoy)



**Meteorological
observations:
e.g. snow & weather beacon**



Arctic deployer

PS101 ongoing (Karasik seamount)



- 8 (3) Snow Buoys

- 6 (1) SAM

- 8 (3) SVP

- 1 (1) PAV

- 1 (0) Rad

- 1 (1) Bio-

- 4 (?) IAOS (incl. 4 IMBs)

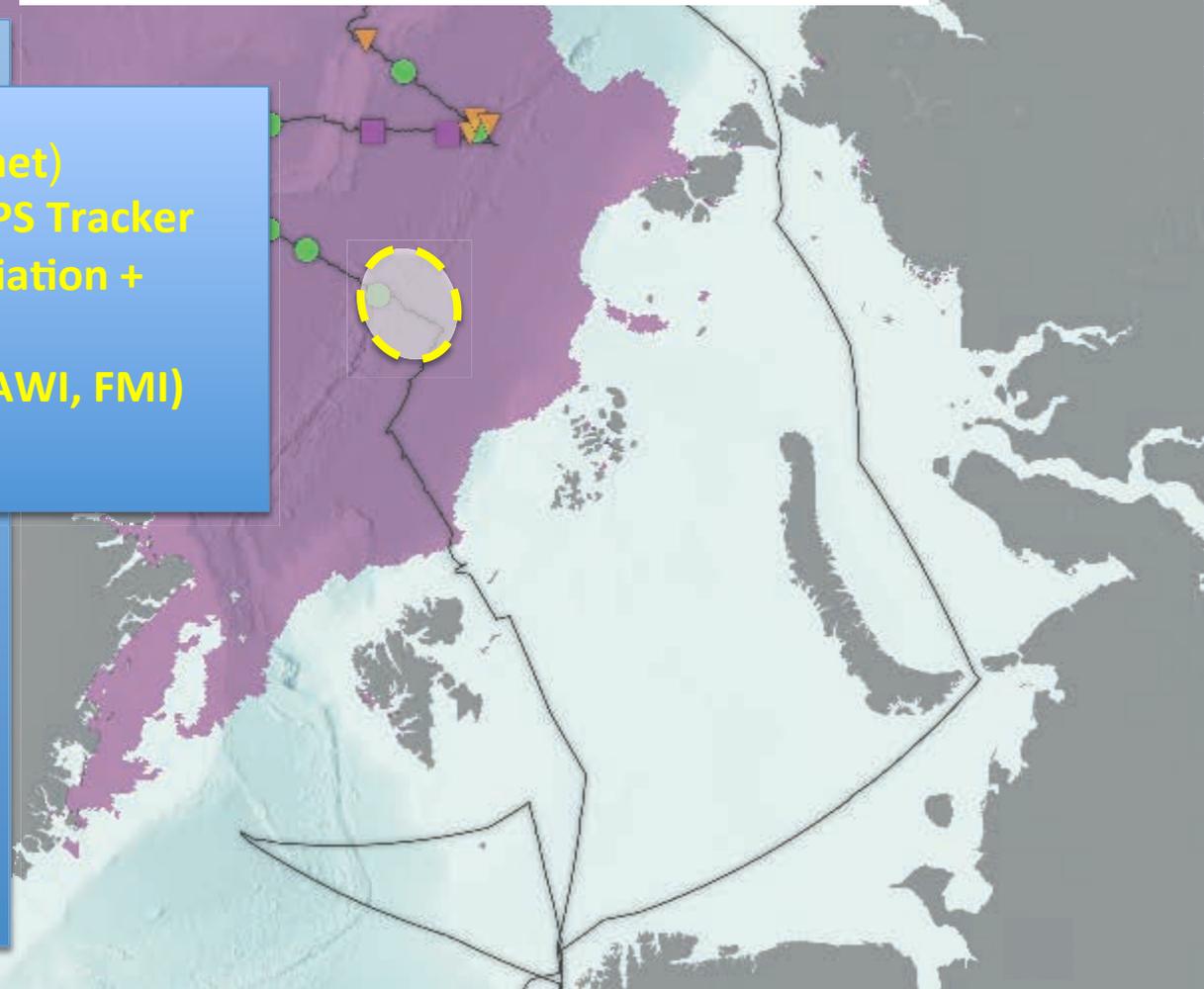
- 1 (?) SATICE

- 2 (0) BAS IMBs

Total: 32 buoys,

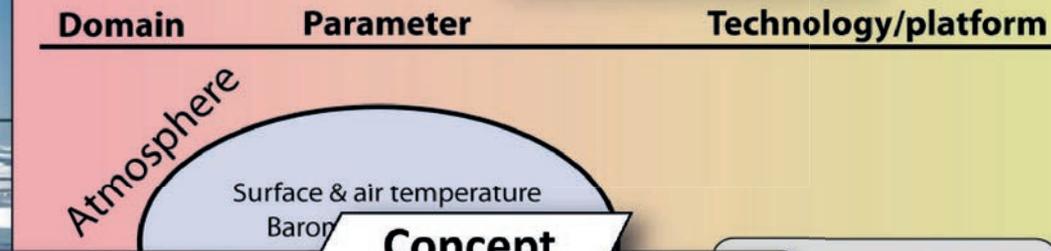
11-16 units still reporting

- 8 SVPs (Eumetnet)
- 11 Novatech GPS Tracker
- 2 BAS IMB (radiation + bio-optics)
- 4 SAMS IMBs (AWI, FMI)
- 4 Snow Buoys

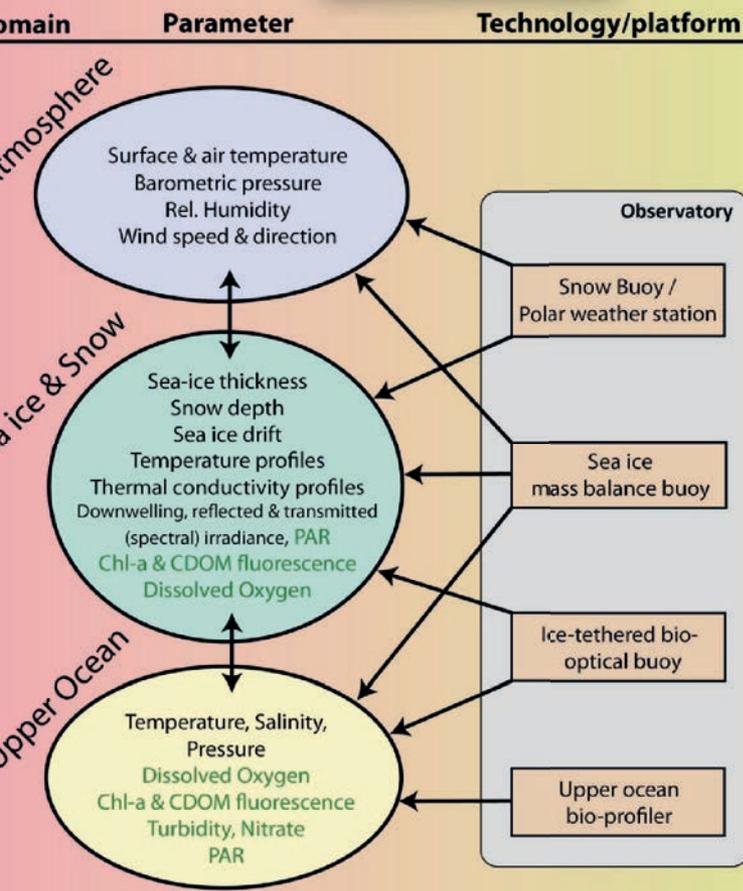


Multidisciplinary Ice-based Distributed Observatory (MIDO)

Concept



Concept



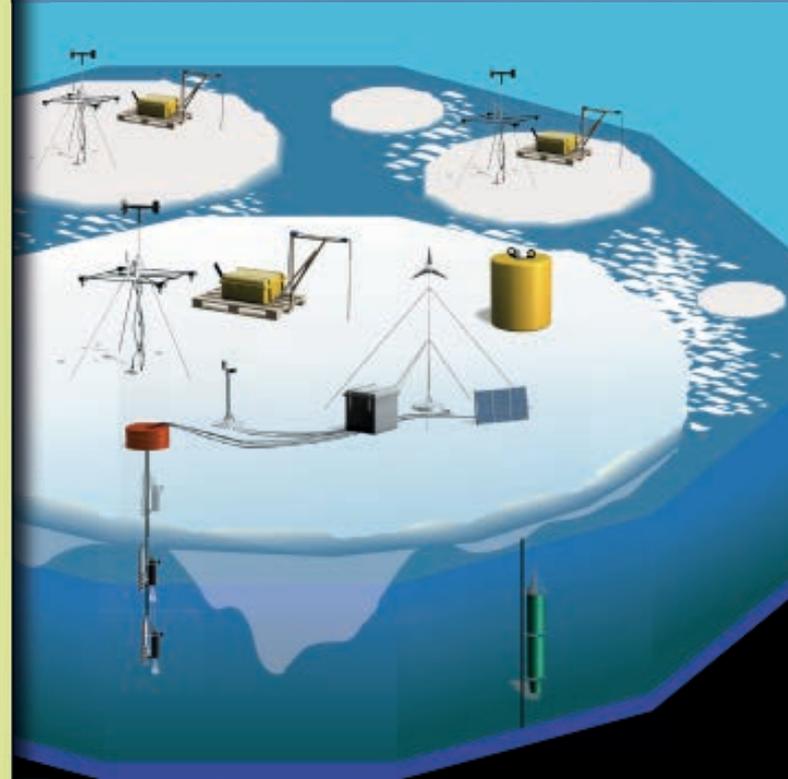
Observatory

Snow Buoy / Polar weather station

Sea ice mass balance buoy

Ice-tethered bio-optical buoy

Upper ocean bio-profiler

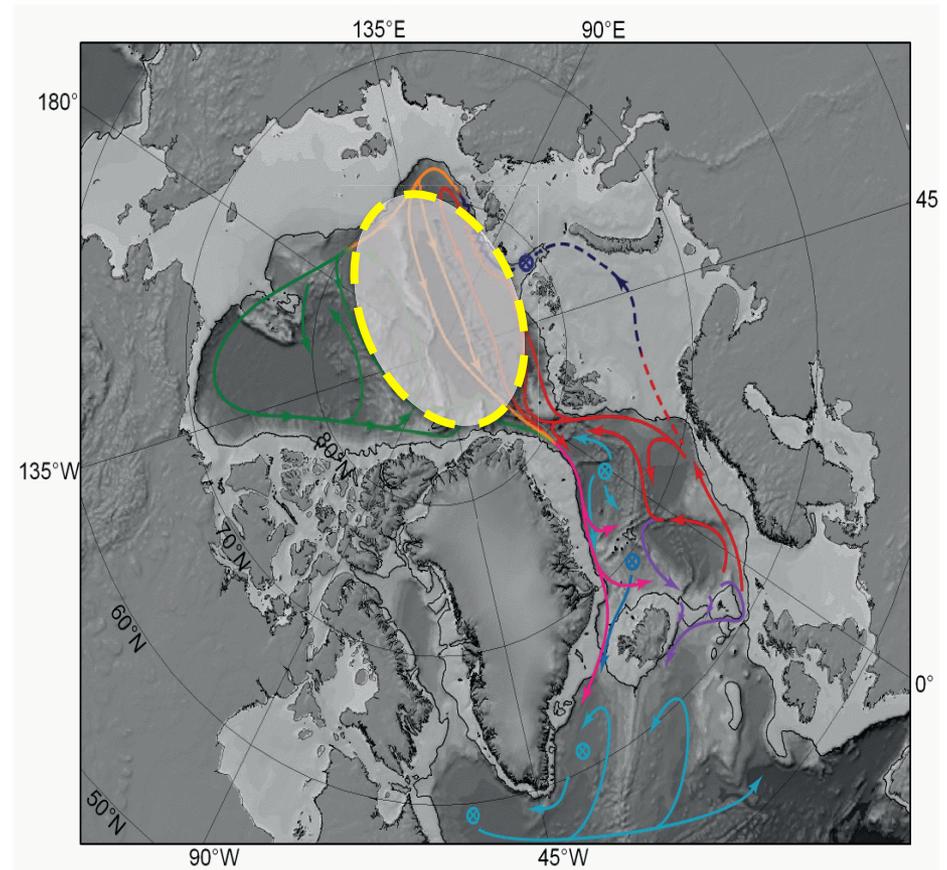


proposal within AWI infrastructure fund
 2 buoy "array systems" / year and hemisphere
 Array: instruments on central floe + within
 100 km
 multidisciplinary observations
 Data feed into GTS

Preliminary time plan until 2021

Expeditions with AWI (FRAM / MIDO) participation:

- PS101 (Sep 2016)
- NABOS (2017)
- **2018 still pending**
- TransARC III (2019)
- MOSAiC (2019/20)



Map modified from Rudels (2005)

MOSAiC 2019/20

Multidisciplinary drifting Observatory
for the Study of Arctic Climate





Thanks – questions?